Pathwork Lecture 101: The Defense

1996 Edition, Original Given April 13, 1962

This lecture is given in an **expanded poetic format,** what I call a **Devotional Format** of the lecture, and in that sense, this is **my interpretation** of the **intent** of the lecture. I may have interpreted portions differently from you, and I ask you to ponder the words for your own interpretation. I did this Devotional Format so I can take the words into my heart, phrase by phrase, much as I would in reading poetry – that is, **devotionally**.

The blessings to me in developing this format have been truly profound, and my wish is that this Devotional Format will be a blessing to others. I invite you to slowly read and ponder this format of the text – with an open heart to experience the Guide's Presence and Love emerging from among the words such that the wisdom comes to LIVE you.

For clarity: The **original text** is in **bold and** *italicized*. [My adds of commentary/clarification/interpretation are in brackets, italicized, and <u>not</u> bolded.] To learn more of my Devotional Format and see the lectures I have done in this way, go to https://www.garyvollbracht.com/pathwork-lectures/pathwork-lectures-devotional-format/
Gary Vollbracht

¶	Content
03	Greetings, my dearest friends.
	God bless each one of you.
	Blessed is your path.
	Blessed are your efforts.
04	We have discussed your defense mechanisms repeatedly.
	We have worked on this subject considerably, and you have learned, to a degree,
	to recognize their presence [i.e., learned to recognize the presence of your defense mechanisms].

```
However,
   you do not yet fully understand
        what happens to
           your entire system
                when you become defensive.
Such knowledge [i.e., Such knowledge of what happens to your
                       ENTIRE SYSTEM when you become defensive]
    will be very useful for your
        • further work
       and
        • self-observation.
It will mean a great deal to you
    to understand
        • the processes of your
           • physical,
           • mental,
           • emotional,
         and
           • spiritual
                nature,
      and specifically
        • what happens
           on all these levels of your personality
                when you are
                  defensive.
You have begun to observe a
    • hard knot,
   or
    • wall
        within,
           when you
                • withdraw in fear
              and
                • close yourself up,
                  meaning to
                       protect yourself.
```

```
However,
                  this defensive reaction [i.e., this defensive reaction of withdrawing in fear
                                          and closing yourself up in order to protect yourself]
                       • is so imbedded in you,
                    and
                      • has become so much
                         second nature,
                              that most of the time
                                 you are unaware
                                     that you
                                        are
                                            on the defensive.
              Therefore [i.e., Therefore, because your DEFENSIVE REACTION is so automatic
                                            and spontaneous that you are not even aware of it]
                  you have to
                      understand more about this subject.
                  • Be on the lookout,
              and
                  • become
                      more intensely aware of
                         the defensive reaction
                              so that you may
                                 get over it.
05
              When you are
                  on the defensive,
                      you are
                          • frightened;
                      you feel
                          • threatened
                        and
                         • endangered.
              There certainly are
                  realistic dangers,
                      and
                         the human system
                              is equipped to deal with them.
```

```
If an actual attack is made on you,
                  all your faculties
                       will withdraw from
                          their usual preoccupations
                    and
                       will be

    directed to

                        and
                          • concentrated on
                              this one danger.
              In order to deal with
                  an urgent issue at the moment,
                       you need
                          all your faculties
                              to focus on that one point.
06
              Then
                  your entire system
                       goes through a change
                         for the single purpose
                              of dealing with
                                 the emergency.
              In such a moment,
                  your glandular system
                       releases a certain substance
                          that shoots through
                              your entire nervous system,
                                 • speeding up your blood pressure
                                and
                                 • accelerating your pulse beat.
              All this happens
                  for the purpose
                       of focusing your faculties
                          on the danger point,
                              • to heighten the speed
                                 of the appropriate reaction,
                           and
                              • to quicken the power
                                 of your perception.
```

```
When you are in
    real danger,
this is
    • good
  and
    • important,
        for otherwise,
                with only your
                   normal
                       • reactions and
                       • perceptions
                          at your disposal,
           you could
                not muster the energy
                   that is necessary
                       to protect yourself.
With the
    glandular reaction, however,
        you will develop
           more strength -
                       • physical or
                       • mental –
                than you
                   normally have
                       in order to defend yourself.
Or you will
    quickly
         • judge
       and
        • decide
            whether
                • defense by counterattack
               or
                • flight
                   is the better way to deal with
                       the particular danger.
```

```
07
              In an average life,
                  such actual dangers
                      occur only every once in a while.
              The substance
                  released from your glandular system
                      contains a certain poison
                         which will
                              not damage you
                                 if your defense mechanism
                                     works
                                        only
                                            in those rare instances.
             After
                  the danger is over
                      and your system goes back to
                         normal functioning,
                              the poison is

    absorbed

                                and
                                 • dissolved.
              This poison
                  is a necessary stimulant
                      for the moment,
              but
                  if the stimulation is
                      permanent,
                  damage to your system
                      is unavoidable.
              It is the same with
                  certain medicines
                      that are important for a cure,
             but
                  if you form a habit of
                      taking them,
                  you will be
                      damaged in the long run.
```

```
08
              When you are on
                  the defensive
                       in psychological conflicts,
                          for
                              • irrational.
                              • unrealistic
                                 reasons,
              your glandular system
                  does not question
                       the validity of the reason [i.e., does not question the validity of
                                             the reason you feel the need to defend yourself].
              The poisonous substance
                  is released
                       the moment you are frightened,
                          and
                              every time
                                 you are on the defensive,
                                      you are frightened.
              Therefore [i.e., Because the poisonous substance is released when you are
                       frightened, and every time you are on the defensive you are frightened],
                  it is important that
                       • unrealistic fears should
                          cease,
                     and
                       • being on the defensive for no valid reason [should]
                          be ruled out of your life,
                              otherwise
                                  • the poisonous substance
                                      will affect your
                                         • bloodstream
                                        and
                                         • nervous system,
                              and
                                  • physical damage will accrue
                                      in one way or another.
```

```
According to
                   • individual makeup
                 and
                   • the physical resistance of the various organs,
                       damage will appear sooner or later,
                          more or less noticeably,
                               in this or that part of the body.
              This is the
                   • physical side.
09
              As to the
                   • mental side of your nature,
                       when you are in
                          actual realistic danger,
                       all your mental faculties
                          will automatically concentrate -
                                      with the help of the poisonous stimulant -
                               on the issue at hand.
                       You cannot concentrate on
                          anything else.
                       You will not be capable of
                          harboring thoughts of
                               • truth
                             and
                               • wisdom,
                                  except
                                      those that deal
                                         with
                                              • the danger of the moment,
                                        and
                                         with
                                              • protecting yourself.
                       All other considerations,
                               which are otherwise important for a

    harmonious and

    meaningful

                                      life,
                                         will be excluded.
```

```
If this reaction happens
    in isolated moments
        of actual danger,
it is
    • good
  and
    • purposeful.
When the
    • actual,
    • realistic
         danger
           is over,
you can
    return to normal,
        and your thought processes
           can again concentrate
                on
                   • the many aspects of life,
                on
                   others
              and
                on
                   yourself,
                       all of which have nothing to do with
                         protecting yourself from danger.
```

```
10
              However,
                  if you are
                       • constantly,
                     or
                       • often,
                          in a
                              psychological state
                                 of warding off
                                     • danger
                                   and
                                     attack
                                         at a time when there is actually
                                             no danger of attack,
                  • the development of
                       your mental faculties
                          is bound to suffer.
                  • Your concepts
                       will remain
                          • immature and
                          • limited,
                              even if you happen to have
                                 a good brain.
                  • Your outlook
                       will be much too limited
                          to deal with life adequately.
11
             All this happens
                  in such a
                       • subtle
                     and
                       • insidious
                          way
                              that you are
                                 utterly unaware of it.
```

```
You cannot tell the difference
    between
         • actual
    and
         • unreal
            threats,
                because
                   the state of
                       being on the defensive
                           has become second nature.
This [i.e., This state of always being on the defensive in life]
    hinders your
         vision of truth
            about
                • others,
            about
                • life,
          and
            about
                • yourself.
It [i.e., This state of always being on the defensive in life]
    prohibits you
        from seeing your
            • possibilities
          and
            • potentials
                in making proper choices.
All this comes about
    because
        your entire mental system
            is geared
                • to ward off
                   an imaginary danger
              and
                • to defend yourself from it [i.e., from the imaginary danger].
Thus
    the same processes are operative
         when the danger is
            • imaginary
      as
         when you are in
            • actual danger.
```

```
In actual danger,
    your heightened perception
        makes you
            decide
                whether to
                   • launch a counterattack,
                or, if this is hopelessly dangerous and futile, to
                   • run away
                 and
                   • protect yourself by hiding.
There is
    no room for consideration of
        anything else.
A similar procedure occurs
    when your defense mechanism
        functions in a
            • neurotic,
            • unreal
                situation.
You choose
    either
         • the pseudo-solution of aggressiveness,
    or
        • withdrawal from life,
    or
        • appeasement,
            which robs you of your integrity.
All these defenses
    stem from your
        fright of
            being exposed to
                the possibility of danger.
```

```
You live in a
                  constant state of war,
                       with most of your mental faculties
                          focused on
                              defending yourself,
                                 which
                                      does not leave you sufficient room
                                         to deal with life
                                             adequately.
              You can easily see
                  that such powerfully one-pointed concentration
                       is
                          • only necessary
                              in the rare instances of
                                 actual danger,
                       but

    extremely

                              • damaging
                             and
                              • limiting
                                 when there is
                                      no such danger.
12
              The emotional side of your nature,
                  when faced with
                       actual danger,
                          feels only
                              • fright
                             and
                              • anger.
              In the rare instances of
                  real danger,
                       it is good that this is so,
                          because
                              these two emotions [i.e., because the emotions of fright and anger]
                                 produce
                                      the necessary
                                         • impetus
                                        and
                                         • strength
                                             to defend yourself.
```

```
All other emotions [i.e., All emotions other than fright and anger]
                  are withdrawn
                       at that moment.
              If you were
                  at such moments [i.e., at moments of actual danger]
                       capable of having
                          all sorts of
                              other feelings,
              the necessary strength
                  to defend yourself
                       would be absent.
              However.
                  when the danger is over,
                       the

    normal and

    integrated

                              person
                                 can quickly return to
                                     a state wherein
                                        many other emotions
                                             can be felt,
                                                apart from
                                                    • fear
                                                   and
                                                    • anger.
13
              If you are
                  constantly
                       on the defensive, however,
                          the predominant feelings
                              are
                                 • fright
                               and
                                 • anger.
              I hardly need to discuss
                  how damaging this is
                      for
                          you and
                      for
                          • your surroundings.
```

```
Whenever you are
    hurt,
you erroneously
    believe yourself
        to be under attack.
You think there is a
    danger
        to your safety.
Thus you
    immediately
        repress the
            • hurt –
                your primary reaction -
    and you
        substitute
            • anger
          and
            • hostility
                for it [i.e., for the hurt, the hurt which is your primary reaction].
You begin to
    allow
        your defense mechanism,
                whatever your individual pseudo-solutions are,
            to go to war.
Needless to say,
    you are no longer
        in truth.
The hurt you experienced,
         unpleasant as it may have been,
    • is
            • real danger
  and
    • does
        not call for
            • elaborate defenses,
                infinitely more damaging than
                   the original hurt
                       could ever be.
```

```
Also
                  you are no longer aware of
                       • the original hurt,
                  but only of
                       • the secondary reaction -
                                             the anger.
              Repressing
                  the truth
                       institutes a process
                          of
                              • self-alienation,
                          of
                              • psychological self-estrangement.
14
              You can all begin to see
                  how predominant
                      this defensiveness is.
              It [i.e., This defensiveness]
                  may be
                       • subtle
                    and
                       • not easy to detect,
                          but once you are on the right track,
                              you become
                                 more acutely aware of
                                      its permanent existence.
              You not only defend
                  against
                       • hurt
                          as a supposed mortal danger,
                but also
                  against
                       • frustration of your will,
                and thus
                  against
                       • anything
                          that does not go
                              according to your wishes.
```

```
All this [i.e., All this hurt, frustration, and anything else
                               that does not go according to your wishes]
    represents,
            unconsciously,
        a threat to your safety,
            which in reality
                is null [i.e., a threat, which in reality is insignificant].
Frustrations
    may be undesirable,
        but not necessarily
            dangerous.
Yet a defense mechanism,
    by its very nature,
        is a process of
            warding off danger.
When the process
    is used for
        actual danger,
            it is meaningful;
when it is not [i.e., when this defense mechanism is used for warding off
         experiences that may be uncomfortable but are NOT actually dangerous],
    your entire system
        is put out of balance.
Your faculties
    are limited
        to a degree you cannot fully comprehend as yet.
In other words,
    your instinct of
        self-preservation
            is at work
                when not required.
Whenever instincts which were
    originally destined to meet a specific danger
        are used in other situations,
the human psyche is
    • distorted
 and
    • put out of balance.
```

```
15
              Looking now at
                  the spiritual side of your nature
                       as you face actual danger,
              it again is necessary
                  that your capacity of
                      feeling
                          be limited to
                              the moment.
              Remember that
                  the whole range
                       of your feelings
                          is reduced to
                              • fright
                            and
                              • anger
                                 precisely because
                                      this enables you to protect
                                         your physical safety.
              Such concentration [i.e., Such concentration of your feelings to fright and anger]
                  does not leave room for
                       feelings of
                          • love,
                          • warmth,

    affection,

                          • understanding,
                        and
                          • compassion.
              Therefore
                  in moments of danger
                       you withdraw into yourself,
                          gathering your forces for
                              • counterattack or
                              • flight.
              You no longer
                  • reach out into the world;
              you no longer
                  • try to bridge the gap
                       between
                          yourself
                       and
                          • others.
```

```
[In moments of danger]
    • Eliminating the separation
        between
            yourself
        and
           • others,
  or
    • communication
 and
    • union
        are
           not
               your immediate concerns.
In moments of
    actual danger
        such positive feelings
           would be
                detrimental.
When the danger is over
    you go back to feeling all the
        • warm,
        • good,
         • outgoing,
      and
        • outreaching
           feelings.
The same is true about your
    creativity,
        another side of
           your spiritual nature.
No matter
    how creative a person may ordinarily be,
        in moments of
           acute danger
                the creativity
                   • is temporarily suspended
                 and
                   • returns only after
                       the danger is over.
```

```
16
              When you are
                  more or less
                       permanently defensive
                          because
                              you believe,
                                      erroneously,
                                  that
                                      any
                                         • hurt or
                                         • frustration,
                                      any
                                         • criticism or
                                         • rejection
                                             is a danger
                                                you must guard against,
              you limit
                  the range
                       of your feelings.
              You also limit
                  the potentials of
                       your
                          • creativity,
                       your
                          • ability
                              to
                                  • reach out into life
                                and
                                  • communicate with others,
                              to
                                  • love
                             and
                              to
                                  • understand,
                             and
                              to
                                  • feel
                                and
                                  • express yourself.
              In short,
                  [when you are more or less permanently defensive]
                       your spiritual life
                          is gravely impaired.
```

```
By such self-imposed limitation [i.e., By such limitation, self-imposed by your
                                        being more or less permanently defensive]
    vou
         • isolate yourself
            more and more,
      and
         • institute the very patterns
            which cause
                others to
                   • hurt
                  and
                   • frustrate
                       vou
                          again and again
                               because
                                  vou
                                      unknowingly
                                         reject them.
Therefore [i.e., Therefore, because you institute the patterns
                that cause others to hurt and frustrate you again and again,]
    you need to defend yourself
        more.
            and
                two full-fledged vicious circles
                   are set into motion.
    One is a
        vicious circle
            within yourself,
and
    the other a
        vicious circle
            between
                • yourself
            and
                • others,
                   which
                       • triggers your defense-mechanism
                       • causes both parties
                          to mutually
                               reject
                                  each other.
```

```
17
              While you defend yourself
                  unnecessarily
                      because no actual danger exists,
             you are releasing
                 poisonous substances
                      into your physical body.
                  You
                      • are limiting
                         your range of
                             • thought
                            and
                             • feeling
             and
                  you
                      • short circuit
                         your creative processes.
              You do
                  not see
                      the manifold possibilities
                              • life
                       and
                          of
                             • communication
                                with people.
             Instead
                  you isolate yourself
                      with your busy defense
                         against
                             an unreal danger.
             Actual dangers
                  in which you
                      need
                         all your defensive equipment
                             are encountered
                                 very rarely.
```

```
You do
                  not
                       have to
                          learn
                              how to use your defenses.
              They [i.e., Your defenses]
                  are
                       automatic processes
                          in every human being.
              Even a child
                  will have
                       automatic reactions
                          without having been taught.
18
              I wish to make one more important point:
                       the more you use the
                          instinctual faculties
                              for

    unreal

                                      danger
                       the less
                          they will work

    effectively

                            and
                              • spontaneously
                                 when required for
                                      • real
                                        protection.
              Therefore,
                  a person whose inner system
                       is constantly geared for
                          defense against
                              • unreal dangers
                                 is often incapable
                                      of coping with
                                         • real
                                             • attack and
                                             • threat.
```

```
He or she [i.e. A person whose inner system is
                              CONSTANTLY geared for defense against UNREAL dangers]
                  • is
                       • paralyzed,
                       • helpless,
              and

    actually becomes

                      a prey,
                          behaving like a
                              victim
                                 when he actually
                                     is not.
              This condition
                  can never be remedied
                      by bolstering the defenses
                         for real danger.
                              That will
                                 not work.
              However,
                  your defenses will be
                      automatically
                          reactivated
                              if and when
                                 you learn to
                                     stop defending
                                        when there is no need to do so.
19
              This is why we have to
                  eliminate
                      the unreal defense
                          against an
                              unreal danger.
              Such "dangers" [i.e., Such UNREAL dangers]
                  are
                       • emotional hurt,
                      • rejection,
                      • frustration of your will,
                     and
                       • criticism.
```

```
When you
                  feel accused
                       of something
                           • true,
                           • half-true, or
                          • untrue,
              you feel
                  in mortal danger.
              If you translate
                  your emotional reactions to
                       such criticism,
              you will readily see
                  that your feelings say,
                        "I am in danger."
20
              Now, let us examine
                  the truth of the matter.
              Are you really
                   • endangered or

    threatened

                       because of
                          • hurt,
                          • frustration,
                         or
                          • criticism?
              You,
                  yourself,
                       will have to verify
                          that this [i.e., that the statement, "You are endangered or
                                      threatened by hurt, frustration, or criticism"]
                               is
                                  not
                                      SO.
```

```
Even
    unjustified criticism
        cannot endanger you,
           provided
                your attitude toward it
                   is
                       • mature
                     and
                       • realistic.
Is it not true
    that
        the criticism,
           against which
               you so strenuously defend yourself,
                   often threatens to expose
                       something you do not wish to face?
Perhaps
    • it is
        uncomfortable
           for you to consider
                changing,
 or
    • you believe that,
        if the truth came out,
           you would
                not be
                   • loved
                 and
                   • worthy of respect,
and
    you defend yourself
        against
           what is true,
                even though
                   the truth may come from
                       people who are,
                              in their own way,
                          as imperfect as you.
```

```
21
              The supposed mortal danger
                  you are compelled to ward off
                       is often
                          truth itself, my friends.
              And you defend against it [i.e., you defend against the truth itself]
                   by pointing out
                       the truth
                          in the other person,
                              which that other
                                 also does not want to see.
              Maybe
                  • one is stronger
                and
                  • the other weaker,
                       but what difference does that make,
                          since everyone
                              has their own
                                 • rhythm
                                and
                                 • value system.
              No one
                  can be compared with
                       another.
                          Evaluation
                              on that basis [i.e., Evaluation on the basis of
                                                    comparison with another person]
                                 is never valid.
              Thus two parties
                  point out truths
                       about each other,
                          and each
                              may be correct
                                 to a degree,
                                      while
                                         not wanting to see
                                             the full truth
                                                about their own side.
```

```
22
              You erroneously believe that
                  if your
                       • weaknesses,
                   or at least
                       • certain specific weaknesses,
                          were exposed,
                  others
                       would have a right to
                          • reject you
                         and
                          • not love you.
                              And this [i.e., And rejection and not being loved]
                                 you cannot bear.
              So,
                  to ward off the
                     imaginary danger [i.e., imaginary danger of rejection and not being loved],
                          you use all your defense mechanisms
                              to preserve
                                 your status as a
                                      lovable human being.
              You use
                  such heavy fighting equipment
                       only to your own detriment,
                          for it is
                              never true
                                 that people reject a person
                                      due to a
                                         • fault
                                        or
                                         • weakness
                                             alone.
23
              If you observe life around you closely,
                  you will find out
                       without a doubt
                          that
                              hiding the truth
                                  is
                                      what causes
                                         rejection.
```

```
This [i.e., This fact that HIDING the TRUTH causes REJECTION]
    is why a
         • free admission of
            the worst
                • fault
              or
                • distortion
                   will bring forth
                       acceptance,
    while a
         • defense against
            exposure
                • brings forth
                   • contempt,
                   • dislike,
                   • rejection, and
                   • fear,
             and
                • is bound to make the other person
                   • defensive.
If free admission
    is not yet possible,
           perhaps because
                the truth
                   is not yet
                       fully seen,
then
    the willingness
        to see,
                which can only come
                   when one
                       does not go on the defensive,
            will have a similarly favorable effect.
Only after
    you have tried this new reaction [i.e., tried this new non-defensive,
                       truth-seeking reaction to criticism]
         will you see
            how much more
                • constructive
              and
                • advantageous
                   honesty is.
```

```
24
              Whenever you are
                  on the defensive,
              your primary aim
                  cannot be
                      truth.
              When it comes to
                  real dangers,
              the real danger
                  is
                      the truth of the moment,
              but when it comes to
                  unreal dangers,
              the truth
                  lies somewhere else.
              [With unreal "dangers"]
                  You do
                      not ask yourself at such moments,
                              "Is it right?
                              Is there a grain of truth in it?"
              Your concern at the moment is,
                              "Am
                                 • I
                                     right,
                            or
                              is
                                 • the other person
                                     right?"
              It is this limited concept of
                              "I-versus-the-other-person"
                                 that befogs the issue of
                                     what is
                                        • right
                                       or
                                        • true.
```

```
25
              Your defense may often be
                  a basic way of life
                       of
                          • not involving yourself,
                          • only when you are called upon
                               will you choose
                                  a more direct defense.
              Then [i.e., Then when you feel called upon or pressured
                                                     to choose a more direct defense]
                  you
                       either
                          • try to run away,
                       or
                          • hedge the issue
                          • put it on another level,
                               where you can prove yourself right.
                   Your third option is a
                          • counterattack,
                              pointing out
                                  the other person's shortcomings.
              There is a great difference
                  between
                       doing this [i.e., between pointing out the other person's shortcomings]
                          as a defense of
                               one's own undesirable traits,
                   or
                       doing it [i.e., or pointing out the other person's shortcomings]
                          • in truth
                        and
                          • for the sake of truth.
26
              It should be easily understood
                  that
                       defensiveness
                           is
                               not
                                  truth-producing.
```

```
It [i.e., Defensiveness]
    does not give
        • truth
      and
        • reality
            any breathing space.
Wherever
    a defensive wall is put up,
        your concern at that moment
            is to ward off
                an accusation
                   which you believe
                       might bring
                          • rejection,
                          • frustration, and
                          • hurt.
At that moment,
    it becomes more important for you
        to prove
           that the accusation is
                unjustified,
                   even if it contains
                       elements of truth,
    rather than
        to find the elements of
           truth
                the accusation contains.
Thus you
    run away
        from
            • truth,
        and therefore from
            • vourself
        and from
            • life.
    • Pretense
and
    • self-deception,
    • self-alienation
and
    • isolation
        must be the result.
```

```
27
              Defensiveness
                  not only
                       • damages your physical body,
                  but
                       • limits
                           your
                              • thoughts,
                           your
                              • range of emotions,
                           your
                              • concepts
                         and
                          your
                              • creativity,
                           your
                              • spiritual life,
                           your ability to
                              • relate to others,
                           your
                              • inner freedom,
                          your
                              • concern with truth,
                  and therefore also
                          your ability to
                              • love
                             and
                              • respect
                                  yourself
                                and
                                  • others.
              All this is
                  due to a
                       completely erroneous concept of
                          perfectionism,
                              in which you believe
                                 that your
                                      • value
                                    and

    acceptability

                                         are at stake
                                             because
                                                you have
                                                     imperfections.
```

```
28
             If people would learn to
                  deeply probe within
                      to
                         • find
                       and
                         • eliminate
                             this defensive wall,
             so much hardship
                  could be avoided
                      in day-to-day communications.
             People would
                  not
                      • dislike each other so easily.
              They would
                  not
                      • fear each other.
              The erroneous feeling
                  that you are
                      the target of an attack
                         against which
                             you have to defend,
                                often makes you
                                     • fear
                                   and
                                     • dislike
                                       others.
             So does the
                  erroneous hurt you suffer
                      when something is brought out
                         which you feel
                             diminishes your value.
```

```
Another cause of
                   • fear and
                   • dislike
                       of others
                          is the
                               erroneous feeling of
                                  inadequacy
                                      when
                                         • life
                                       and
                                         • others
                                              • do not respond to your wishes
                                              • frustrate you.
              Such unfulfillment
                  is not half as painful as
                       the error
                          of believing yourself to be
                               inadequate.
              The criticism
                  would not damage you at all
                       if you were aware
                          that others
                               will not like you
                                  less
                                      because
                                         • you have this fault,
                                      and that
                                         • you are willing to face it.
29
              In a state of
                  defensiveness
                       you do
                          not
                               • perceive,
                               • experience,
                             or
                               • think
                                  • truthfully
                                  • reasonably.
```

```
[In a state of defensiveness]
                   You do
                       not feel feelings of
                          • warmth,
                          • affection,
                         and
                          • understanding.
                               Therefore,
                                  you are
                                      • not in reality,
                                and
                                  you
                                      • cannot really communicate.
              Your system
                  is focused on
                       one small point
                          as you defend yourself against
                               an imaginary danger.
              In this state [i.e., In this state of defensiveness]
                  a vital part of
                       • life
                     and

    reality

                          is left out of consideration.
30
              Defensiveness
                  can take many forms, as you know,
                       in ways that are
                          so subtle
                               as to make them [i.e., to make these subtle forms of defensiveness]
                                  unnoticeable
                                      to others
                                         until
                                              a direct "attack" is launched.
```

```
The defensiveness
    may be
        much stronger in
            • calm,
           • reticent
               people
                   who quietly go their own ways
        than in some people
           whose defenses
                are more obvious.
For them [i.e., For calm, reticent people]
    • the fear of attack
        is so great
 and
    • the confidence in themselves to handle it
        is so small
           that they are
                constantly
                   in flight
                       from
                          • life
                     and
                       from
                          • other people.
But whether
    the defense
        is
            • outer aggressiveness
          or
            • withdrawal
          and
           • flight,
                both [i.e., BOTH aggressiveness AND withdrawal and flight]
                   • are equally damaging
                 and
                   • have the same negative results.
```

```
Both alternatives [i.e., BOTH outer aggressiveness AND withdrawal and flight]
                  make reaching out
                       toward
                          • the other person,
                       toward
                          • truth,
                          • involvement,
                         and
                          • life itself
                              impossible.
              These alternatives [i.e., outer aggressiveness AND withdrawal and flight]
                  force you to
                       • stay on your guard
                     and
                       • be blind to
                          • life,
                          • other people,
                        and
                          • yourself.
              Thus the harm
                  you inflict
                       on
                          yourself
                     and
                       on
                          • those around you,
                              creating
                                  • disharmony
                                  • separation,
                                      is impossible to describe fully.
31
              When you are
                  on the defensive
              you cannot fulfill the needs of
                  • others,
                not to speak of
                  • your own [i.e., not to speak of fulfilling your own needs].
```

```
When you
    • discover that
         the need to defend yourself
            is an illusion
  and
    • stop defending,
the sense of liberation you experience
    is impossible to convey.
You simply have to
    • live it [i.e., LIVE the undefended life]
         to know the
            • joy of it [i.e., to know the JOY of the undefended life].
    • Let go [i.e., Let go of your defenses]
and

    receive

         whatever come to you.
Look at it [i.e., Look at whatever comes to you after you let go of your defenses]
    quietly
         with the intention
            • not to ward it off [i.e., not to ward off whatever comes to you
                                               after you let go of your defenses],
            • but to
                see
                    the truth.
This attitude [i.e., this attitude of letting go of your defenses and seeing the truth]
    will change your reactions.
Your emanations
    will have a different quality.
Your whole life
    will become different.
```

```
32
              If you can learn to
                  • detect,
                  • observe,
                 and
                  • understand –
                       and therefore
                          eventually
                              eliminate –
                                 your defensiveness,
              you will be freed
                  of an illusion.
              There is
                  no greater
                       • hardship,
                  no greater
                       • prison
                          than
                              illusion.
              There is nothing
                  more destructive on this earth
                       than people
                          unnecessarily
                              defending themselves.
              There is nothing
                  that creates
                       more
                          • disharmony,
                       more
                          • untruth,
                       more
                          • hostility,
                    and
                       more
                          • friction,
                              in personal
                            as well as
                              in public
                                 life,
                                     than defensiveness.
```

33	O.V.P.G.W.O.V.
	QUESTION:
	You say that the body
	releases poisons
	which damage
	the physical system.
	On this path,
	is it possible to heal such damage?
34	
	ANSWER:
	Of course it is possible.
	• <i>If</i>
	and
	• when
	the defensiveness
	is eliminated,
	·
	further poisons
	will cease to contaminate the system.
	This in itself
	will bring relief.
	man orang reasy.
	However, it is possible that
	the damage is already so considerable
	the tumage is arready so considerable that
	the results of the past
	cannot be entirely eliminated from the body.
	Whether this [i.e., Whether the damage from past defensiveness can be
	eliminated from the body]
	• is
	or o is not
	• is not
	the case
	depends on many variables
	impossible to enumerate now.
	But, in principle,
	it is possible.
	possioiei

35	
	QUESTION:
	Do you mean that we should
	just listen to someone
	who criticizes?
36	
	ANSWER:
	Calmly listen
	and evaluate:
	Could there be some truth
	in the criticism?
	Observe your
	inner reaction of
	fright.
	You will soon discover
	that your fright [i.e., that your fright of another's criticism]
	is unjustified,
	even if
	the criticism is wrong.
	Nothing
	can happen to you;
	you are not in danger [i.e., you are NOT in danger when another criticizes you].
37	
	QUESTION:
	But what if we
	get annoyed
	at being unjustly criticized?
38	
	ANSWER:
	The very feeling of annoyance
	is the proof of
	your defensiveness.
	Without defense,
	you would not be annoyed.
	How could you be?

```
[Without defensiveness against the criticism of another]
    You would simply
         • evaluate the criticism
       and
         • decide whether there may be
            • some truth,
            • a little truth,
            • no truth in it at all.
All too often,
    you are convinced
         that it [i.e., that the criticism]
            is
                unjustified
                    before you even give yourself the chance
                        to find the possible
                           grain of truth in it.
If there is
    no trace of truth in it,
why would you have to get annoyed?
What can this criticism do to you
    that causes annoyance?
Have you ever analyzed it [i.e., analyzed your annoyance at being criticized]
    from this point of view?

    Justified

or

    unjustified

         criticism
            cannot really harm you,
                unless
                    you think you
                        cannot be
                           • loved
                         and

    respected

                                if something to be criticized
                                   is found in you.
```

```
39
              QUESTION:
              What if it is a lie [What if the criticism is a lie]?
              If it is untrue?
40
              ANSWER:
              I said that before.
              It [i.e., Criticism]
                  cannot harm you
                       if you look at it calmly.
              Your defense against it [i.e., Your DEFENSE against criticism, even if
                                                                            the criticism is a lie,]
                  does the harm.
                   • The lie itself,
              or
                   • the erroneous judgment [i.e., the erroneous judgment of you by the other],
                       could never harm you.
              The less
                  defensive you are,
              the more
                  adequate you will be
                       to straighten out an
                          • outright lie
                          • misunderstanding.
              I do
                   not mean to imply
                       that you must
                          never
                               defend yourself against a
                                  • flagrant lie,
                                or
                                  • harmful rumor.
```

```
This [i.e., This defense against a flagrant lie, or harmful rumor]
                  falls under the category of
                       • realistic
                          defense,
              which can be adequately handled
                  only to the degree that
                       • unrealistic
                          defensiveness
                              is absent.
41
              QUESTION:
                  • the accusation covers a
                       betrayal
                and
                  • you have a
                       natural anger
                          about it,
              your anger
                  may cover
                       self-defense,
              but it is also
                  a natural reaction
                       against
                          someone who has made promises to you
                              who have fulfilled your part
                                 only to find
                                     that you are betrayed.
              What you

    were promised

                  • have hoped for
                       does not come true.
              Is this not a cause for
                  natural
                       anger?
```

```
42
              ANSWER:
              Before we deal with the term of
                   what is
                       • "natural"
                     and
                       • "unnatural,"
              I would like to say again
                  that I did
                       not imply
                          that people should take any
                               • injustice
                            or
                               • betrayal
                                  without doing whatever is

    necessary,

                                      • constructive,
                                    and
                                      • productive
                                         to ward it off.
              There are many instances
                   when it is
                       wrong to
                          • sit back
                        and
                          • do nothing.
              This [i.e., Sitting back and doing nothing constructive to ward of an injustice]
                   would be
                       sick;
              it [i.e., sitting back and doing nothing constructive to ward of an injustice]
                   would be
                       • playing the
                          martyr,
                       • making a
                          mockery of justice.
```

```
43
              It is interesting to note that
                  the more
                       defensive a person is,
                  the less
                       equipped he is
                          to employ
                               constructive
                                  • defense or
                                  • attack,
                 and
                  the more he will tend to
                       • victimize himself
                      and
                       • become a martyr.
              There exists a
                   • proper
                 and

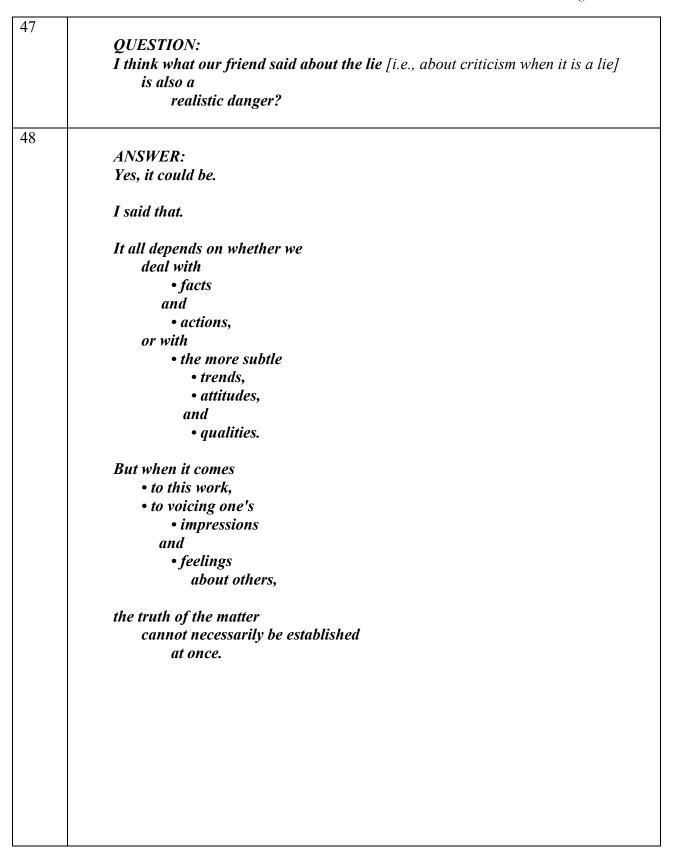
    healthy

    aggressiveness

                     and
                       • assertiveness.
                   When aggressiveness
                       • is healthy
              and
                   when
                       • not [i.e. and when aggressiveness is NOT healthy]
                          cannot be determined by
                               a general rule.
              The difference [i.e., The difference between healthy and unhealthy assertiveness]
                  is too subtle
                and
                  can only be found
                       in truthful self-examination.
              Actual dangers
                  are not only
                       • physical in nature;
              they
                  also occur on
                       • other levels.
```

```
I can only emphasize again
                  that
                      the freer you are of
                         unrealistic defensiveness,
                      the better you will be able
                         to cope with a danger
                             through
                                healthy defense.
              Often
                  when the two defenses [i.e., when the HEALTHY and UNHEALTHY defenses]
                      intermingle,
                  the unhealthy
                      • weakens
                    and
                      • undermines
                         the healthy one
                             and diminishes
                                its [i.e., diminishes the healthy defense's]
                                    positive effect.
44
              Now as to
                  what is
                       "natural."
              It is certainly
                  "natural"
                      to have
                         • immature,
                         • unproductive
                             reactions,
                                because
                                     everyone else has them too.
```

	But that [i.e., But just because everyone else has
	immature, unproductive reactions]
	does not mean
	they [i.e., does not mean that immature, unproductive reactions] are really healthy,
	or that
	it is not possible to grow out of them –
	not forcefully, by
	• superimposition,
	not by
	• feeling guilty
	that childish reactions still exist within,
	but
	• in the way that I always advocate.
	Is that clear?
45	
	QUESTIONER:
	Yes.
	First
	you must clear up
	your emotional entanglement in the relationship, and then
	you will deal with it [i.e., deal with your defensive reaction to criticism,
	even when the criticism is a lie,]
	realistically.
	remission.
46	
	ANSWER:
	Yes, that is right.
	You see,
	your unhealthy emotional involvement
	makes it impossible
	for you to rightly evaluate the situation,
	and therefore
	you cannot deal with it [i.e., you cannot deal with your defensive reaction
	to criticism, even when the criticism is a lie,]
	as you would otherwise.



```
It [i.e., Establishing the truth of the matter]
                   requires probing
                       to see whether or not
                          there is
                               some grain of truth
                                  in what the other person says,
                                      even if it [i.e., even if this grain of truth]
                                         is brought out
                                             in a distorted way,
                                                 perhaps due to
                                                     • his or her own problems,
                                                 or merely to
                                                     • human limitations.
              In such cases,
                  it cannot easily be stated that
                       "this is a lie [i.e., this criticism is a lie],"
                          because
                               these things are very subtle.
49
              QUESTION:
              You were talking about situations
                  in which our emotions flare up.
              How about human beings
                   whose emotions are

    dulled and

                       • curbed,
              and
                  who have
                       • no reactions?
```

50	
	ANSWER:
	When a human being
ı	gets into that state [i.e., that state of having NO VISIBLE defensive reactions
	arise, say no anger or no hate when one faces inner emotions of fear or pain],
	it is a result of being
	overdefensive.
	• Outwardly
	and
	• consciously,
	emotions may be dulled
	to a considerable degree,
	but
	• inwardly
	they still exist.
	They
	• smolder underground
	and
	• do their damage.
	That is why
	it is so important in this work
	to bring the emotions to the surface.
	Only then
	can they be dealt with properly.
51	
	As long as
	you do not feel your hate, for example,
	you cannot rid yourself of it.
	It [i.e., Your hate]
	has to
	• come out of repression
	and
	• reach surface awareness in order for you
	in order for you • to understand its
	origin and then
	• to free yourself from it.

```
It is the same with
    the defensive wall [i.e., as it is with HATE, so it is with
                                              the DEFENSIVE WALL].
As long as you are
    unaware of it [i.e., unaware of the defensive wall]
you can do
    nothing.
Therefore,
    the first consideration
         is to use the methods of this work
            to bring into

    awareness

                   what was hitherto
                        • submerged.
However, there is
    no person
         entirely
            devoid of emotions.
They [i.e., Emotions]
    are on the surface,
         but never named,
            and
                their significance
                   is never questioned.
These few surface emotions
    will furnish sufficient material
         with which to work first.
Even people
    whose approach is predominantly
         • intellectual
  and
    who
         • deliberately dull their feelings,
            still
                have
                   certain feelings.
```

	The more defensive
	human beings are,
	the more limited
	the scope of emotions
	they can feel.
	But they
	can make an effort
	to pinpoint them.
	In such cases [i.e., In cases where people are very defensive and hence
	have a very limited scope of emotions they can feel]
	the predominant emotions
	will be
	• fright
	and
	• anger.
	The people may be
	unaware
	that these [i.e., unaware that FRIGHT and ANGER]
	are
	emotions
	because
	they are so used to
	explaining them away.
52	
	QUESTIONER:
	Yes, but the person
	whose emotions
	are above board
	has an easier time
	to observe them.
53	ANGINED
	ANSWER:
	Yes, certainly.

```
This [i.e., Because a person whose emotions are above board
                                                   has an easier time to observe them]
                  is why it is of
                      primary importance
                         to become
                             aware of
                                all
                                    the emotions
                                       you were not conscious of.
             Only then [i.e., Only then when you are AWARE of ALL the emotions
                                                          you were not conscious of]
                  can we go into
                      the kind of problems
                         we are dealing with now.
54
             QUESTION:
             In my private work,
                  my helper and I found that
                      I have an
                         inadequate concept of
                             a human being.
              What
                  is
                      a human being?
55
             ANSWER:
             If I were to answer that,
                  it would probably take me
                      at least a month of
                         continuous talking.
              This, I think,
                  may be the best answer
                      for you to
                         adjust
                             • your concept [i.e., to adjust YOUR concept of a human being]
                           to
                             • a more truthful one [i.e., to a more TRUTHFUL
                                                          concept of a human being].
```

```
Compare
    • this statement
  with
    • the limited concept you have
         when you say,
                "he is
                   this or that,"
              or
                "she is
                   thus and thus."
Realize
    the
        • infinite variety,
    the
         • manifoldness,
    the
         • contradictoriness,
    the
         • unlimited
            • possibilities
          and
            • potentials
                of thought,
  and
    the
        • range of feelings
            in every human being.
Every
    human being
        has,
                in both a
                   • positive
                and a
                   • negative
                       aspect,
        every
            • emotion,
            • trend,
          or
            • characteristic
                you can name.
```

```
The reasons why
    the same quality
        displays its
            • positive facet
                at one time
        and its
            • negative [i.e., the quality's negative facet]
                at other times
                   are among
                       the difficult intricacies
                           of the human psyche.
The more you
    understand
        the limitless
            • possibilities
          and
            • potentials
                of
                   • any
                        human being,
the further do you come
                in understanding
                   • a particular
                        human being.
On the other hand,
    the more you believe,
                either

    consciously

                or

    unconsciously,

        that a human being is
            only
                • this
          or
            only
                • that,
 in other words,
    the more limited
        your concept is,
    the less will you
        understand
            about others.
```

```
56
              In a strange way,
                  the unconscious aim of human beings
                      is to
                          limit
                              the human personality,
                                 because they
                                     believe that
                                        if there is
                                             • less to a human being,
                                        it is
                                             • easier to know one another.
              This is not true.
              The more you realize
                  the infinite
                       • possibilities
                     and
                       • aspects,
              the more
                  • understanding
                and
                  • insight
                      you will have.
              This is the best answer I can give you.
              Any description [i.e., ANY description of a HUMAN BEING],
                  no matter how detailed,
                       would not do it justice.
                  It [i.e., ANY description of a HUMAN BEING]
                       would be
                          • limited,
              and
                  it [i.e., and ANY description of a HUMAN BEING]
                       would be
                          • an oversimplification.
```

```
57
              QUESTION:
              After a person has become
                  greatly aware of
                      his hidden currents -
                                     let's say, he
                                        has become aware of
                                            seventy-five percent of them
                                      and
                                        can see how they work -
              what can he do
                  to train
                      the subconscious mind?
             Or is it necessary?
58
              ANSWER:
             I will repeat
                  what I have said many times.
              Merely
                  observe
                      the
                          · wrong,
                          • childish,
                         • untrue,
                       and
                         • distorted
                              • reactions
                            and
                              • concepts.
              The more
                  you observe them [i.e., The more you OBSERVE your wrong, childish,
                                            untrue and distorted reactions and concepts],
              the better
                  you will be able to learn
                       why your emotions
                         are not functioning
                              according to

    reality

                               and
                                 • truth.
```

```
Get a clear understanding of
    how they [i.e., of HOW your emotional reactions]
        are
            • erroneous,
            • inadequate,
            • destructive,
            • disadvantageous,
          and
            • unrealistic.
Compare
    • these reactions [i.e., these emotional reactions you currently actually have]
  with
    • your knowledge –
                as yet only theoretical -
        of the
            • realistic,
            • truthful,
          and
            • productive
                reactions,
                   without
                        trying to force yourself
                           to feel the latter [i.e., without FORCING yourself to
                                       FEEL the realistic, truthful, and productive
                                       emotional reactions].
Merely
    • compare
  and
    • understand why
         • one way of reacting is
            • unproductive
          and
            • unrealistic,
      while
         • the other is
            • productive
          and
            • realistic.
```

```
• Fully acknowledge
        that you are
           not yet capable of
                • feeling
             and
                • reacting
                   in the desired way;
and
        without
            • guilt,
        without
           • any forcing current,
    • fully accept yourself
        as you are,
but
    • recognize
        the immaturity.
If you do this,
         without being
            • angry
          and
            • impatient
                with yourself,
your
    • emotions
        will eventually begin to
            absorb
                the knowledge of your
                   • brain
                       that heretofore
                          could not penetrate into
                              your emotions.
```

```
It will give you
                  peace
                      simply to
                          observe
                              the childish emotions in action,
                                 while

    knowing,

                                   and
                                     • getting to understand
                                        more
                                            and more fully,
                                                • why
                                              and
                                                • how
                                                    they [i.e., why and how
                                                                  these childish emotions]
                                                       are
                                                           unproductive.
59
              QUESTION:
              You wanted to talk about
                  the background of
                      the seven deadly sins.
60
              ANSWER:
              I would suggest
                  that you prepare a list of them.
              I said last time
                  that this topic
                      cannot just be added on to a lecture
                          because it would take too long.
              Put down each of them
                  and ask about each separately,
                      and then I will answer.
              That will form a lecture in itself.
```

```
61
              QUESTION:
              In the traditional Scriptures of
                  • Judaism
                and
                  • Islam.
                      the texts are specific
                          regarding the consumption of
                              • fish,
                              • flesh, and
                              • fowl.
              It is commanded that
                       "of their flesh shall we not eat."
              Christianity
                  has no ban against pork.
              In the fifteenth verse of Matthew [i.e., Matthew 15:17-18],
                  Jesus said,
                       "Not that which
                         goeth into the mouth
                              defileth the man,
                      but that which
                          cometh out of the mouth."
              However, during Lent,
                  dietary restrictions are observed by Christians.
              My two questions are:
                      Are the dietary laws
                          based on
                              that which is
                                 • unclean,
                           or on
                              that which is
                                 holy;
                   and
                      what is the meaning of
                          • Lent
                        and of
                          • the counting of the days?
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62
              ANSWER:
              To your first question:
                  The dietary laws
                       were given at a time
                          when human beings'
                              • scientific
                            and
                              • hygienic
                                 knowledge
                                     was so insufficient
                                        that such information
                                            was connected with religion.
              Merely
                  • sanitary,
                 or

    health

                      reasons
                          dictated them.
              In certain periods of history,
                  under different circumstances,
                      the laws were changed.
              Nowadays,
                  it is unnecessary for
                       religion
                         to set up such rules.
              At no time
                  did these laws
                      have anything to do with
                         spiritual life.
              They were merely
                  safeguards
                      to protect health.
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If humanity
                  at this time
                       still clings to them
                          as a spiritual necessity,
              it shows a
                  gross misunderstanding of
                       what true spirituality is.
              It shows
                  the superficial approach of humanity:
                       people's
                          disinclination
                              to think.
              Your science today
                  may find certain conditions
                       that make it necessary
                          to observe certain laws
                               as long as the specific conditions prevail.
              When the conditions
                  change,
              the laws
                   will be eliminated.
              To persist in keeping them
                   without any
                       • purpose or
                       • reason
                          would be senseless.
63
              As to your second question:
                   The original symbolic meaning
                       of the time of Lent
                          was to give people
                              a period
                                  of
                                      • going into themselves,
                                  of
                                      • purifying their systems,
                                         not only
                                              • physically,
                                         but on
                                              • all levels.
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Again,
    • the outer
is merely a symbol of
    • the inner.
A combined purification of
    • body
  and
    • soul
        is often healthy,
           provided it is done
                • in an individual way
             and not merely by
                • adhering to dogma.
Under whatever guise
    dogma appears,
        it shows
            • rigidity
          and
            • lack of self-responsibility
                in thinking for oneself.
Thus it [i.e., Thus dogma]
    becomes
        something dead.
The living spirit
    has gone out of it [i.e., has gone out of dogma].
The original symbolic meaning
    was that of
         • purification,
         • contemplation,
        • a time of
            • looking within the self
          and
            • preparing for
                • a new influx,
                • a new strength
                   with which
                       to reach out.
```

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64
              May you all become
                  more
                      and more aware of
                         your defenses.
              May you understand
                  what they do
                      to your
                          • entire system,
                      to your
                          • thinking process,
                      to your
                          • faculty of feeling,
                      to your
                          • physical system,
                    and
                      to your
                          • spiritual life.
              May you thus become capable
                   of
                       • letting go,
                   of
                       • receiving,
                       • examining,
                       • discriminating,
                    and
                       • objectively looking at an issue
                          without
                              defending yourselves.
              May you
                  no longer
                      • think
                    and
                       • feel
                          in terms of
                              "right versus wrong"
                                 and become thereby [i.e., and, by not thinking and feeling in
                                                    in terms of "right versus wrong," become]
                                     capable of
                                        • experiencing others
                                        • reaching out to them.
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The defense
    makes you
         • withdraw from others
         • no longer reach out.
May the blessing
    that is extended to you again this evening
         help you
           particularly in this respect [i.e., particularly in respect to
                                              taking down your defenses]
                for your further work
       and
         help you to
           free yourselves of
                the most damaging obstructions within.
Be blessed,
    each one of you.
Receive our

    warmth

  and our
    · love.
         each one of you.
Be in peace.
         Be in God.
```

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